Package 'ADAPT'

November 14, 2024

Title Analysis of Microbiome Differential Abundance by Pooling Tobit

```
Models
Version 1.0.0
Description ADAPT carries out differential abundance analysis for microbiome metage-
      nomics data in phyloseq format.
      It has two innovations. One is to treat zero counts as left censored and use Tobit mod-
      els for log count ratios.
      The other is an innovative way to find non-
      differentially abundant taxa as reference, then use the reference taxa to
      find the differentially abundant ones.
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Description

Analysis of microbiome differential abundance by pooling tobit models

Usage

```
adapt(
  input_data,
  cond.var,
  base.cond = NULL,
  adj.var = NULL,
  censor = 1,
  prev.filter = 0.05,
  depth.filter = 1000,
  alpha = 0.05
)
```

Arguments

| input_data | a phyloseq object |
|--------------|---|
| cond.var | the variable representing the conditions to compare, a character string |
| base.cond | the condition chosen as baseline. This is only used when the condition is categorical. |
| adj.var | the names of the variables to be adjusted, a vector of character strings |
| censor | the value to censor at for zero counts, default 1 |
| prev.filter | taxa whose prevalences are smaller than the cutoff will be excluded from analysis, default 0.05 |
| depth.filter | a sample would be discarded if its library size is smaller than the threshold |
| alpha | the cutoff of the adjusted p values |

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Details

ADAPT takes in a metagenomics count table as a phyloseq object. The phyloseq object needs to have metadata containing at least one variable cond.var representing the conditions that the user is testing on. The condition variable cond.var can be numeric (as a continuous variable) or character (representing categorical variable). ADAPT does not support multigroup comparison yet. If there are multiple conditions, the user can specify the condition to single out through base.cond. ADAPT then carry out DAA between the selected base.cond and all the others. ADAPT allows adjusting for other covariates. The user can specify all the covariates to adjust for by specifying adj.var with a vector of variable names.

Differential abundance analysis may be too challenging for rare taxa and samples with too low sequencing depth. The users can filter out taxa whose prevalences are lower than prev.filter (default 0.05). The users can also filter out samples whose sequencing depths (library sizes) are smaller than depth.filter (default 1000).

One major feature of ADAPT is treating zero counts as left censored observations and use Tobit models for log count ratios. The zero counts by default are left censored at one. The users can change the value to censor at through censor. Change the cutoff of BH-adjusted p-values with alpha (default 0.05) for calling DA taxa.

The returned value of adapt is a customized S4 type called DAresult. We have developed two helper functions summary and plot for this special data type.

Value

a DAresult type object contains the input and the output. Use summary and plot to explore the output

Examples

DAresult-class

Differential abundance analysis result

Description

An S4 class to represent ADAPT analysis results

Details

The analysis result object contains the analysis name, reference taxa, DA taxa, detailed analysis results as a dataframe and the input phyloseq object. The analysis name contains the condition variable. The reference taxa reference must be nonempty. DA taxa signal may be an empty string if no taxa are differentially abundant. The details dataframe contains the taxa names, the prevalence of taxa, the estimated log10 absolute abundance fold changes, the raw hypothesis test p-values and BH-adjusted p-values.

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Slots

DAAname The name of differential abundance analysis reference A vector of taxa names corresponding to all the reference taxa signal A vector of taxa names corresponding to all the DA taxa details A dataframe with the analysis results for all taxa input Input phyloseq object

ecc_plaque

Plaque samples from early childhood dental caries studies

Description

A phyloseq object with 30 samples and 610 taxa for whole genome sequencing of plaque samples. The samples were collected from children at 36, 48 or 60 months old. 15 samples were from teeth with dental lesions and 15 samples were controls. The samples of cases were collected at the onset visit.

Usage

data(ecc_plaque)

Format

The metadata of ecc_plaque has two columns

CaseStatus Whether the kids had dental caries

Site The location of sample collection (Site 1 or Site 2).

Source

The original publication of this data is "Evaluating the ecological hypothesis: early life salivary microbiome assembly predicts dental caries in a longitudinal case-control study" (Blostein etal, 2022). The sequence data are available under Project number PRJNA752888.

ecc_saliva

Saliva samples from early childhood dental caries studies

Description

A phyloseq object with 161 samples and 280 ASVs for 16S sequencing of saliva samples. The samples were collected from 12-month-old infants. 84 out of 161 children developed dental caries after 36 months old. All samples have been de-identified.

Usage

data(ecc_saliva)

Format

The metadata of ecc_saliva has two columns

CaseStatus Whether the child developed dental caries after 36 months old

Site The location of sample collection (Site 1 or Site 2).

Source

The original publication of this data is "Evaluating the ecological hypothesis: early life salivary microbiome assembly predicts dental caries in a longitudinal case-control study" (Blostein etal, 2022). The sequence data are available under Project number PRJNA752888.

```
plot, DAresult, ANY-method
```

Plotting differential abundance analysis results

Description

Volcano plot of ADAPT results

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'DAresult,ANY'
plot(x, n.label = 5)
```

Arguments

x analysis result in DAresult type

n.label Number of taxa to label on the plot. Note that no taxa will be labeled if no DA

taxa.

Details

The customized plot function for DAresult type object generates a volcano plot with the differentially abundant taxa highlighted. The users can decide how many taxa with the smallest p-values are labeled on the plot.

Value

A ggplot object of the volcano plot

Examples

```
summary, DAresult-method
```

Summary of differential abundance analysis

Description

Summary function for DAresult type object

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'DAresult'
summary(object, select = c("all", "da", "ref"))
```

Arguments

object analysis result in DAresult type

select Taxa whose results to be returned, can be all the taxa ("all"), only the differen-

tially abundant taxa ("da") or reference taxa ("ref").

Details

This customized summary function reports the dimension of input count table, number of reference taxa and number of differentially abundant taxa. It also returns a data frame with the detailed analysis result and taxonomy of all the taxa. The user can choose to only get the detailed analysis result of DA taxa or the reference taxa through the select parameter.

Value

A dataframe with detailed analysis results

Examples

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